

## Heart-Healthy Diet

Patient Information	
What is a heart- healthy diet	<ul> <li>A heart-healthy diet is one that includes eating vegetables, fruits, whole grains, fat-free or low-fat dairy products, fish, lean meats, poultry, eggs, nuts, seeds, soy products, legumes, and vegetable oils (but not coconut or palm oil).</li> <li>It also involves limiting salt (sodium), saturated fats, trans fats, added sugars, and alcohol.</li> </ul>
Foods you should eat	Examples of foods that are heart-healthy include:  Grains:  Whole-wheat breads, cereals, pastas, and tortillas Brown rice Plain oatmeal  Vegetables: Green vegetables (e.g. broccoli, beans, peas, spinach, collard greens, kale) Carrots Sweet potatoes Tomatoes Peppers Avocados Canned vegetables with no added salt  Fruits: Fruits: Fresh fruit (e.g. apples, bananas, pears, grapes) Dried fruit such as raisins or dates Citrus fruits Berries (e.g. strawberries, raspberries) Canned fruit with no added sugar  Dairy: If you have heart disease, lower fat dairy products are encouraged, but there is evidence that full fat dairy is neutral for most people.
	<ul> <li>Oils</li> <li>Corn, canola, olive, safflower, sesame, sunflower, and soybean oils</li> <li>Meats &amp; proteins:</li> <li>Lean cuts of beef and pork (e.g. 95% lean ground beef or pork tenderloin)</li> <li>Skinless chicken and turkey</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Legumes</li> <li>Soy products</li> <li>Eggs</li> <li>Nuts, seeds, and soy products</li> <li>Legumes (e.g. kidney beans, lentils, chickpeas, black-eyed peas, lima beans)</li> <li>Fish high in omega-3 fatty acids (e.g. salmon, tuna, and trout)</li> <li>Tofu</li> </ul>
Other things to be aware of	<ul> <li>Try to limit the amount of added sugars you eat.</li> <li>The amount of alcohol you drink should also be limited. Men should have no more than two drinks a day, and women should have no more than one. One drink is considered: 12 ounces of regular beer, 5 ounces of wine, or 1 ½ ounces of 80-proof liquor.</li> </ul>

Source: National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute; National Institutes of Health; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

For more information and guidance about eating a heart-healthy diet, please speak to your health care provider.